



MP Reconstruction System

Design & Features



Overview



Proximal spacers for leg length adjustment 10mm, 20mm or 30mm

Cementless

6 lengths, 160mm - 330mm 7 diameter, 12mm - 25mm

Curvature of the Stem

3° Kink to follow natural femoral bow

Conical stem following Wagner philosophy

2° angle, ensures reliable anchoring

Cross section

Longitudinal ribs provides rotational stability

Cemented

4 lengths, 200mm - 320mm 3 diameter, 12, 14 & 16mm

Design & Features



Prosthesis heads Aluminum oxide ceramic or CoCrMo alloy



2 CCD-angle 126° and 135° 2 Neck lengths Standard and XXL 2 different neck segments Standard & proximal replacement with suture holes



Microporous structure

Mean distance of peaks (pore size) 160µm** Promotes excellent osseointegration

** Bobyns study revealed an optimal distance of peaks between 50 and 400µm (important for vascularization)



No Morse taper! Strong, flexible and secure fixation





LINK MP: All the advantages of a modular stem and the strength of a monolithic stem!

Clear Indication

"To our knowledge, there is no other modular, cementless, distally fixed implant for which in the face of deficient proximal support of the prosthesis is advocated by the manufacturer."³



Strength

Location of locking mechanism, not a morse taper design "[...] strongly suggest a structural benefit of the extreme length of the distal neck sleeve."⁴

Fully Proven

LINK MP testing data conclusion: "[...] the structural characteristics of the LINK MP Hip Stem are such that it offers the prospect of in vivo longevity."⁴

Proximal junction guarantees a safer connection





Expansion Bolts - the better solution

Expansion bolts are commonly used in any heavy duty situation, such as engines and big machines, where dynamic forces and alternating stress occurs.

Due to the geometry in this slim midsection, the expansion bolt is distinctly elastically stretchable (like a spring). When tightened with a defined torque, the expansion screw stretches until the desired retention force is reached. This force contracts and secures the neck segment and stem.

Why not just a regular screw?

When two pieces are connected with a screw, after a while the material settles. Consecutively a ridgid screw would protrude and the retention force automatically decreases. This leads to a loosening of the assembly.

An expansion bolt is elastic in its elongation. It compensates for the settlement of the connected components. As a result, it provides the desired retention force and ensures a durable safe connection.





15 Nm



Measurements of the LINK MP Reconstruction System



Total length of Implant = Stem length + Neck height + junction* (+ Spacer)

^{*} Junction is always 5mm.



Shortest combination

Total length of the implant in different combinations

Stem length	Neck segment (126°)				Neck segment (135°)				
		Head Ø 2	8 - 40mm		Head Ø 28 - 40mm				
	Standard		XXL		Standard		XXL		
	35mm	65mm	35mm	65mm	35mm	65mm	35mm	65mm	
160mm	187mm		194mm		189mm		200mm		
180mm	207mm		204mm		209mm		220mm		
210mm	237mm		244mm		239mm		250mm		
250mm	277mm		284mm		279mm		290mm		
290mm	317mm		324mm		319mm		330mm		
330mm	357mm		364	mm	359mm		370mm		

Measured from centre of rotation to tip of the stem by using a \pm 0mm head M (with Ø 28 - 40mm)

126° CCD 126° CCD 135° CCD 35mm 35mm 160mm 160mm 180mm 180mm 180mm 126° CCD 135° CCD 65mm + 20mm + 10mm 330mm 180mm

Longest combination



Offset- and length values using different necksegments and heads



	CCD an	gle 126°	CCD angle 135°			
	Head Ø 28 - 4	10mm, size M	Head Ø 28mm - 40mm, size M			
	Standard XXL		Standard XXL			
Offset	31mm	40mm	29mm	40mm		
Neck height	Neck height 22mm		24mm	35mm		

Additional offset and leg lengthening by using different prosthesis heads

	CCD angle 126°								
	Head Ø 28mm				Head Ø 32mm - 36mm				
	S	М	L	XL	S	М	L	XL	
Additional offset	-3mm	0mm	+3mm	+9mm	-3mm	0mm	+3mm	+7mm	
Leg lengthening	-2mm	0mm	+2mm	+6mm	-2mm	0mm	+2mm	+5mm	

	CCD angle 135°							
	Head Ø 28mm				Head Ø 32mm - 36mm			
	S	М	L	XL	S	М	L	XL
Additional offset	-3mm	0mm	+3mm	+7mm	-3mm	0mm	+3mm	+6mm
Leg lengthening								





Surgical Technique



3.

Summary

1.



Trial reduction



Final assembly



Quotes

In this study, radiographic evidence of osseointegration (involving the "distal segment" of the implant) was seen in all stems, and there were no cases of progressive subsidence or subsidence beyond 10mm. [...] in conclusion, the "LINK MP stem" achieved reproducible and durable implant fixation, as well as restoration of clinical function in femoral revision with bone-loss.¹

It is noteworthy that the modular junction of this implant performed well at this length of follow-up with no failures attributable to it. When the modular junctions were examined during the 3 re-revisions performed by us (2 for dislocations and 1 for cup revision), there was no evidence of corrosion or any damage to the modular junction. ¹

In our opinion, the MP reconstruction stem offers a variety of advantages in direct comparison with nonmodular revision implants. These include distal fixation without further cementing; adjustment of the femoral neck; variable offset and rotation, and, furthermore, related adjustments of the soft tissue.²

At final follow-up, all patients had stable implants and all acute fractures were healed. Marked reconstruction of proximal femoral bone stock was observes consistently. [...] the preliminary result of this method show a high rate of stable implant fixation and fracture healing with preservation and reconstitution of the host femur.³

Revision THA in patients with extensive proximal femoral bone loss using the Link MP fluted, tapered, modular stem led to a high rate of osseointegration of the stem at mit-term follow-up.⁴

- ² Klauser et al. Medium-term Follow-Up of a Modular Tapered Noncemented Titanium Stem in Revision Total Hip Arthroplasty, The Journal of Arthroplasty Vol 28 Nr. 1, 2013, 84–89
- ³ Berry Treatment of Vancouver B3 Periprosthetic Femur Fractures With a Fluted Tapered Stem,
- Clinical Orthopaedics and related research Nummer 417, Seiten 224-231

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¹ Rodriguez et al. – Reproducible fixation with a tapered, fluted, modular, titanium stem in revision hip arthroplasy at 8-15 years follow-up, The Journal of Arthroplasty 29 Suppl. 2 (2014) 214-218

⁴ D. F. Amanatullah et al. – Revision total hip arthroplasty in patients with extensive proximal femoral bone loss using a fluted tapered modular femoral component, The Bone & Joint Journal, Vol. 97-B, No.3, March 2015

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